

# Introduction to LandfillGas Use and the U.S. LandfillGas Industry

Presented By:

Sheley Cohen

U.S. Environm ental Protection Agency

Landfill Methane Outreach Program (LMOP)

June 25, 2001

Training W orkshop

Sao Paub, Brazil



#### Presentation Outline

- G bbalW aste M anagem entTrends
- O verview of Landfill Gas
- Benefits of Utilizing Landfill Gas
- US Policies and Program s Affecting the LandfillG as Industry
- Future of the LFG industry
- The US EPA's LandfillM ethane 0 utreach
   Program

### G bbalW aste M anagem ent Trends...



- G bbalTrends
  - Increase in percapita waste generation rates
  - Increase in totalwaste quantities







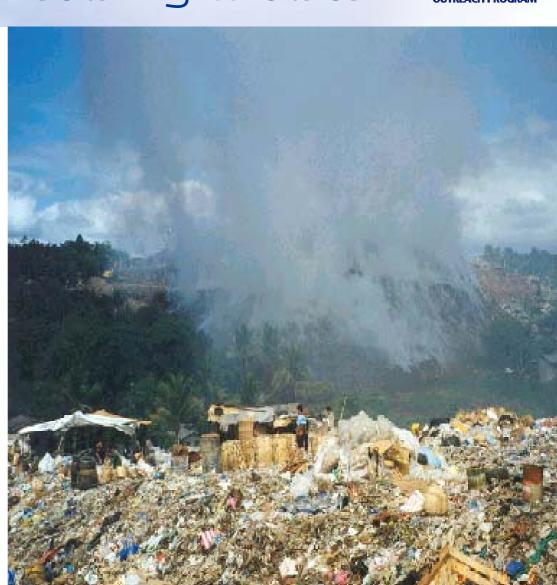
- Lack of waste collection and management infrastructure
- Lack of available and suitable disposal facilities
- Lack ofbasic inform ation on solid waste





#### Im pacts of Increasing W aste

- Hum an Health
  - D isease
  - Fum es
- Environm ent
  - AirQuality
  - W aterQuality
  - Land Use
  - VegetativeDistress



# Solutions for Dealing with Waste



- Integrated Solid W aste M anagem ent
  - Reduce waste produced
  - Reuse Recycle
  - Determ ine DisposalMethods
    - ◆ Landfilling
    - ◆ C om posting
    - 0 ther

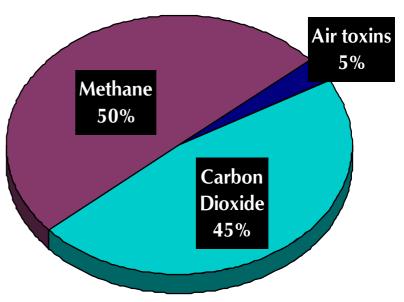


 Be aware: creating m anaged kndfillsites will increase kndfillgas em issions





- Landfill Gas (LFG) is created when waste in a landfill decomposes under anaerobic
   or oxygen free -- conditions
- LFG is approximately:
  - 50% methane
  - 45% carbon dioxide
  - 5% Non-methaneOrganic Compounds(NMOCs)



### Uncontrolled Landfill Gas Concerns



- Safety
  - Fire
  - Explosion
  - Asphyxiation
- AirQuality
  - NMOC em issions contribute to sm og
  - Odor
  - Greenhouse gas em issions

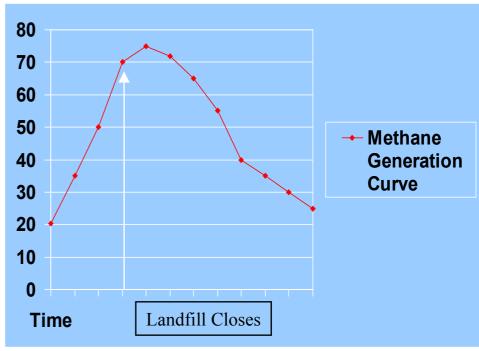




#### Landfill Gas Generation

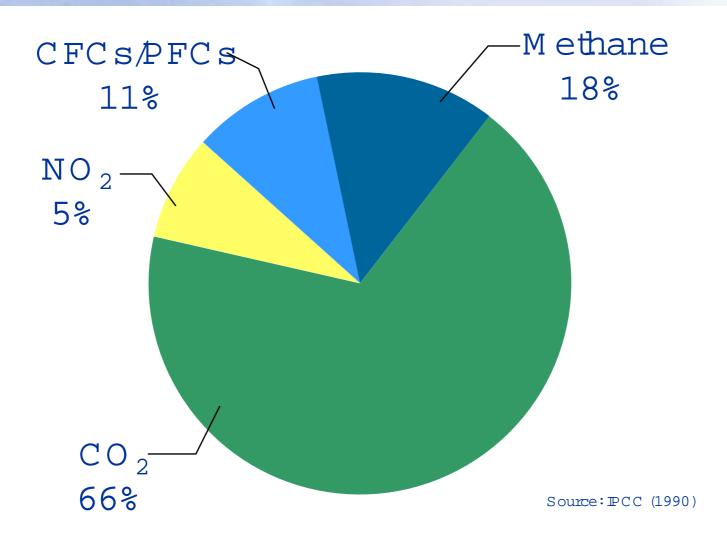
- Generated for years, depending on
  - certain factors:
    - waste com position
    - waste quantity
    - m oisture content
    - pH
    - m anagem entofwaste
    - others





# Clim ate Change: Contributing Gases







#### Why Reduce LFG Emissions

- Using handfillgas reduces em issions of m ethane, a potentgreen house gas, and benefits the environm ent
- Methane is 21 times more potent than carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>)
- G bbalem issions will increase as developing countries in prove landfilling practices

### Ways to Reduce LandfillGas Emissions



- Flaring
- Using LandfillG as for Energy
- LandfillGas, when used for energy, actually rem oves pollution from the air



# W hatcan you do with LandfillGas?



#### Landfill Gas Uses

- Electric generation
- Direct use
- Emerging technologies
  - Greenhouses
  - ◆ Vehicle Fuel
  - Microturbines
  - High Btu Upgrades
  - ◆ Leachate Treatment
  - On-site uses



# Environm entaland Econom ic Benefits of Using Landfill Gas



- Reduce air toxins which contribute to bcalair pollution
- Improve overallm anagem entof the landfillsite
  - R educe 0 dor
  - Reduce expbsions and fires at the handfill
  - In prove safety in the surrounding areas
- Lowerem issions from displacing coaloroil
- Revenue may be generated from the sale of the gas
- Source of "Renewable" or "Green" Energy
- Projects are able to be replicated internationally

### State of the US LandfillGas Industry



- LFG projectdevelopm entstarted in the US in the 1970s
  - 86 operationalprojects in 1990
  - 142 operational in 1995
- The LFG Industry is thriving
  - 330 OperationalProjects
  - 57 Projects UnderConstruction
  - 153 Planned Projects
- Greatpotential for future project development
  - Approxim ately 550 landfills could econom ically develop a landfillgas recovery project

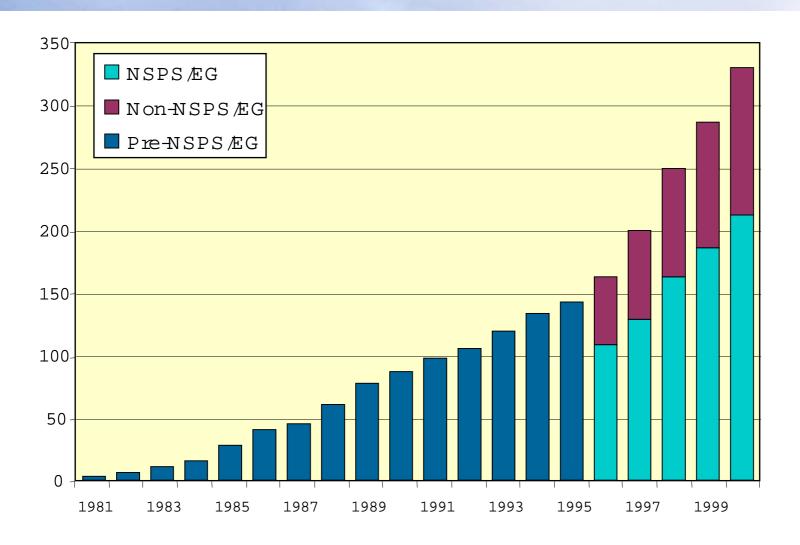
### State of the US LandfillGas Industry



- The industry has thrived since 1990
- If all planned projects move forward, the LMOP expects
  - 410-430 operational projects by 2002
  - 480-500 operational projects by 2005

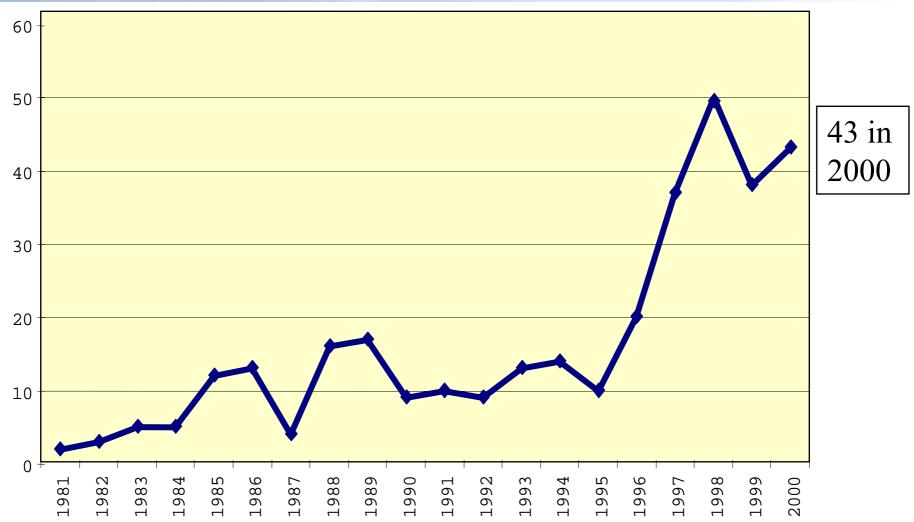
# Growth in LFG Utilization Projects in the US





# New LFG Projects PerYear in the US





# Technology Trends at US Landfill Gas Projects



Utilization Technology	Operating Projects		<b>Projects Under Construction</b>		Planned Projects	
	Count	Capacity (MW)	Count	Capacity (MW)	Count	Capacity (MW)
Reciprocating Engine	173	536	35	118	58	168
Gas Turbine	27	157	1	15	-	-
Steam Turbine	8	125	-	-	-	-
Combined Cycle	6	67	-	-	-	-
Cogeneration	2	8	-	-	1	1
Fuel Cell	1	<1	-	-	-	-
Microturbine	1	<1	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	218	893	36	133	59	169

& Currently 2/3 of operational project generate electricity

& Operation projects represental most 900 MW

& Potential for 95 projects

# Technology Trends at US Landfill Gas Projects

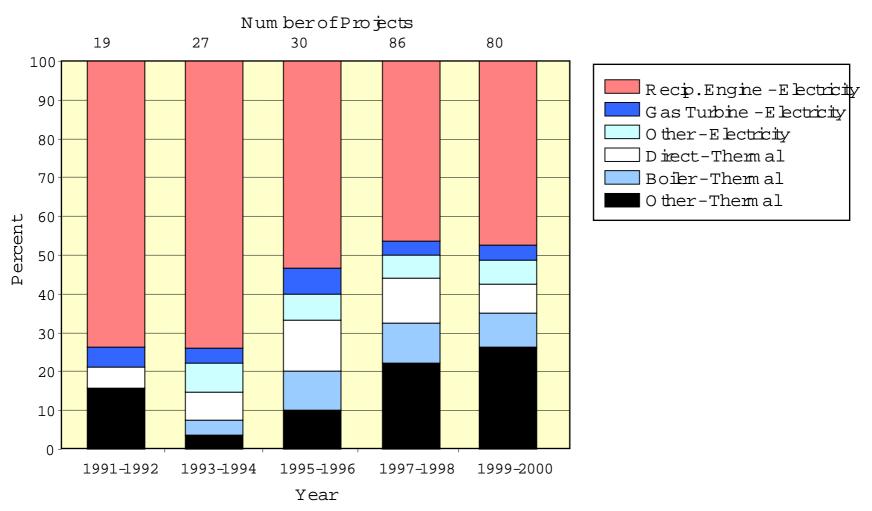


- Trend toward more direct-use projects
  - 21 operational in 1990
  - 112 operationalin 2001
  - Projects slated to double to 225

Utilization Technology	Operating Projects	Projects Under Construction	Planned Projects
Direct Thermal	31	7	26
Boiler	26	1	5
Leachate Evaporation	19	3	4
High Btu	15	6	7
Medium Btu	9	3	2
Greenhouse	5	-	4
Liquefied Natural Gas	1	-	-
Vehicle Fuel	1	-	1
Methanol Synthesis	-	-	1
Unknow n	5	1	44
TOTALS	112	21	94

# Technology Trends: 1991 Through 2000





### Sum mary of Technology Trends



- Growth in DirectUse Projects
- Greater Diversity in Project Types
- LFG utilization is proven, costeffective, and successful
- Selection of technology is site specific
- Technologies exist for bw and high volum es of LFG production
- Niche technologies are gaining popularity, but are sbw to em erge

# Trends Affecting the US Landfill Gas Industry





#### Energy Supply

- The currentUS energy situation is likely to increase the competitiveness of LFG
  - Recentenergy shortages
  - Rising naturalgas prices
  - Growing awareness that renewable energy could be an economically viable alternative to conventional fuel

# LANDFILL METHANE OUTREACH PROGRAM

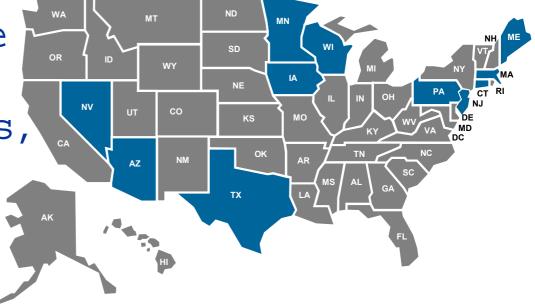
### Utility Restructuring

• 11 restructured states include renewable portfolio standards (RPS) as part of their powerportfolio

 RPS may increase dem and for renewable sources including LFG

• Texas: 2000 M W by 2009

• Relant: 44 M W





#### Green Power/Green Pricing

- A recognized renewable resource
- Am ong the most cost-com petitive of renewable resource options
- Green pricing opportunities
  - At least 80 utilities have developed orplan to develop green pricing program s
  - Custom ers are willing to pay forgreen power





#### Alternative Financing Options

- New state/bcaleconom ic incentives have em erged to help offsetprojectcosts
  - Grants
  - Low -interest bans
  - Tax credits
- Projectpartners have diversified their funding sources and rely less on directproject revenues
- Som e federalprogram are stilloffering grants/bans



#### Em issions Credits

- In the US, projects are reporting em issions reductions from their projects
  - create record of reductions
  - prepare for trading possibilities
- InternationalTrades for Emissions
   Reductions Credits
  - ZAPCO Ontario Power
  - New Jersey/Netherlands





- R enewable energy parks
  - LFG developers considering the co-bcating PV panels, fuelcells, and wind turbines at landfills



Photos courtesy of NREL



#### Innovative Ideas



- New technologies and applications make hndfillgas projects at smaller hndfills more feasible
  - Microturbines
  - G reenhouses



Greenhouse
Burlington, NJ



Microturbine
Courtesy of Capstone Microturbines



#### Innovative Ideas

- Project Efficiency
  - Exam ine ways to extractgas m ore effectively from the landfill
  - M ore gas extraction, greater profits
    - ◆ Additionalwells
    - ◆ Replacing wells
    - ♦ W elceaning

# The US EPA's Landfill Methane Outreach Program

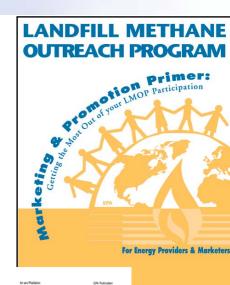


- W hat is the LMOP?
  - Voluntary Partnership Program
- W hatdo we do?
  - Help overcom e barriers to project developm ent
  - Work hand-in-hand with regulations
  - Provide products and services
  - C reate partnership and networking opportunities

#### Let the LMOP Help

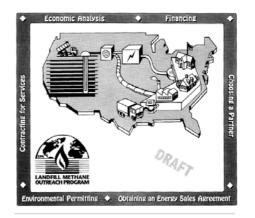


- Technical information
  - Project Development Handbook
  - Technical Fact Sheets
- Technical Assistance
  - Assistance tailored to individual landfill needs
- Networking Opportunities
  - Workshops
  - Newsletters
- Marketing Assistance



EPA Turning a Liability into an Asset:

A Landfill Gas to Energy Handbook for Landfill Owners and Operators







- LMOP assisted in development of over 170 LFGTE projects
- Currently LFGTE
   projects have
   prevented m ethane
   em ission equivalent to:
  - Planting 3 m illion acres of forest
  - Removing 2 m illion cars
     from the road







- Bangkok,Thailand
- Manila, the Philippines
- Anshan, China
- Other Countries
  - Mexico
  - Russia
  - Brazil





#### InternationalAssistance

#### Three types of Support:

- Training and on-site technical support:
  - Assist with project identification, assessment, design, enduser identification, and development

#### Financing:

 Work with international agencies and the private sector to locate appropriate financing

#### Outreach:

 Work with project partners to communicate project benefits on local and national levels



#### Contact Inform ation

- Shelley Cohen
  - 202.564.9797, cohen.shelley@epa.gov
- 5th Annual LMOP Conference & Project Expo
  - -- December 12-14, 2001
  - -- Washington, DC

Watch the web site for more information www.epa.gov/lmop